

## ACCIDENT BOARD MEMBERS MEET

STATE OFFICIALS ARE HOSTS TO INTERNATIONAL BODY—GOVERNOR WILLIS SPEAKS.

## BENEFITS WORKMEN DERIVE

From Compensation Law Are Discussed—Extended to Eighty Millions of Our Population.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Columbus, O.—With an attendance of officials interested in workmen's compensation laws, the third annual meeting of the International Association of Industrial Accident Boards and Commissions opened its sessions here. Devoting the initial meeting to formal welcomes, the convention heard a discussion of compensation in theory and practice by William C. Archer, head of the compensation system in New York, and by Fred M. Wilcox, one of the Wisconsin commissioners. Gov. Frank B. Willis also addressed the meeting.

In opening the convention, Chairman Wallace D. Yapp, of the Ohio Industrial Commission, narrated the history of the progress of the principle and application of workmen's compensation, and discussed the new problems which have followed the adoption of the system which has implied a revolution in jurisprudence.

Judge Yapp said that six years ago workmen's compensation, though an established fact in England and Germany for a quarter of a century, was only a theory in this country. The first elective laws were enacted in 1911, and since that time one state after another has fallen into line, until now 25 states and the territories of Alaska and Hawaii have compensation laws, so that \$9,000,000 of the population of 100,000,000 are living under compensation laws of some sort. The delegates were welcomed to Columbus by representatives of city and state governments.

## OHIO CITIES SHOW BOOM

Figures Compiled by Government on Seven Cities Are Issued.

Columbus, O.—The Bureau of Census at Washington has just made public the census of manufacturers of Newark, Warren, Iron, Middletown, Portsmouth, Marietta and Zanesville. In Newark the number of manufacturing establishments increased during the period 1909-1914 from 72 to 79, the number of persons engaged in manufacturing from 4,282 to 5,138, and the value of products from \$7,551,000 to \$9,277,000. The capital invested increased from \$3,036,000 to \$3,553,000. There was an increase of 73.7 per cent in salaries paid and 51.6 per cent in wages paid. The capital invested in manufacturing enterprises in Middletown increased from \$10,546,000 to \$23,976,000. The number of establishments increased from 41 to 65, and the value of products from \$10,617,000 to \$21,787,000. The number of manufacturing enterprises in Zanesville decreased from 147 to 87, but the capital invested increased from \$4,486,000 to \$5,822,000, and the value of products from \$4,020,000 to \$8,300,000. The capital invested at Portsmouth in 1914 was \$7,515,000, a gain of \$1,130,000. The value of products was \$7,653,000, an increase of \$405,000.

## MUSIC TEACHERS TO MEET

Will Take Steps to Have School Music Standardized.

Springfield, O.—Action will be taken at the thirty-fourth annual convention of the Ohio Music Teachers' Association, which opened here in the new memorial hall, to have legislative steps taken toward the standardization of music, with the object in view of securing credits in the public schools similar to those given on other studies. In California and in Kansas a favorable action has been taken in the standardization of the music taught. It is expected that about 1,000 delegates will be here during the three days' session. Between 2,000 and 3,000 visitors are expected to attend the meeting. The first night a concert will be given by a chorus of 750 voices. The second night the Chicago symphony orchestra will be heard and on the last night Osg. Gabrielson will give a piano recital. The new hall, which cost \$250,000, will be used for the first time by the state association.

## ARREST EIGHTY FOR DISORDER.

Cleveland, O.—Two men were shot, one stabbed and scores of more suffered cracked heads as a result of what appears to have been a general uprising of the disturbing element in this city. Eighty arrests were made by the police. Most of these were for disturbance, shooting and cutting. Eleven men were held as suspicious persons, and are believed to be out-of-town crooks. Others are charged with disorderly conduct, destroying property and fighting.

## Objected to Common Term.

"Bullheaded," from an old term for vituperative language. A speaker in a political club wished to vary this expression in chiding an opponent, and criticized him for using "fishmarket language." Thereupon another member rose and protested against this phrase. "I have been a fish dealer for thirty years," he said, "and have never heard any bad language used in my business. The fish business is a respectable one, and should not be the subject of a slur."

## He Understood Her.

She—"I want you to forget that I told you I didn't mean what I said about not taking back my refusal to change my mind. I've been thinking over and I've decided that I was mistaken in the first place." "Do you really mean that, Isabel?"—Life.

## Preparedness.

"Goodness, Maria, why are you hiding all the muses so carefully?" "Well, John, the Puffins are calling on us to-night, and you know Mrs. Puffer never plays without music."

## MRS. NEWTON D. BAKER



Soon after the selection of Newton D. Baker of Cleveland for secretary of war, newspapers announced that Mrs. Baker considered the social life of Washington its least attractive feature. She is interested in her home and family and in charities, to which she was a liberal contributor in her home city.

## WILL ARREST PAWN BROKERS

Ohio Bank Officials Say Interest Rates Have Reached 240 Per Cent.

Cleveland, O.—Seventeen warrants issued by a justice of the peace here at the request of Walter C. Jacobs, inspector-examiner for the State Banking Department, charging usury and violation of the so-called "loan shark" law. The warrants mark the end of a five-months investigation of Cleveland pawn shops by Jacobs and other state inspectors. According to Jacobs, interest charges scale up to 240 per cent and beyond, while pawn brokers are entitled to charge only 46 per cent. The minimum charge here, he says, is 10 per cent a month, or 120 per cent a year. Jacobs says the state has evidence against more than 100 more brokers in Cleveland.

## BUCKEYE NEWS NOTES

Findlay, O.—Mensles are increasing in this city at the rate of from 15 to 20 cases. There are now more than one hundred cases here.

West Salem, O.—Due to the rapid development of three cases of scarlet fever among school children, Mayor J. W. Ferguson issued a proclamation quarantining the town.

Lima, O.—Carpenters and brick masons who are patterned in the Lima State Hospital for the criminal insane will be put to work on the \$100,000 endowment to be built for the superintendent.

Cincinnati, O.—Cyrus H. Moore, 58, editor of the Iron Age, died at his home, O. died at the Jewish hospital here of pneumonia. He was well known in Cincinnati, Columbus and other Ohio cities.

Columbus, O.—On rehearing the Supreme Court allowed to stand a judgment of \$234,000 given last fall to the city of Cleveland against W. J. Gawne, the contractor for the East Side waterworks tunnel.

Cleveland, O.—A. L. Faulkner, Federal Labor Department Conciliator, is trying to avert a strike of 15,000 teamsters which has been threatened, 10 building supply companies do not recognize the union by that time.

Findlay, O.—Arthur E. Riese was appointed city auditor by Mayor Totten in place of Richard O. Mungen, who was removed. Mungen, who was treasurer of the Knights of the Macabees, has also been displaced, and his accounts with that order are being examined.

London, O.—By direction of Judge R. G. Hornbeck, presiding at the trial of Edward J. Shaffer against the State bank examiner, a jury will be taken to Columbus to view the building formerly occupied by the defunct savings and trust company, the scene of the alleged embezzlement of \$134,000 which Shaffer is being tried in Madison county court on a charge of venue.

Toledo, O.—Organization of the Toledo Automobile Trade Association has been completed. It will affiliate with the state and national associations. One of its main objects is to wage a war on the high price of gasoline.

Sidney, O.—Suit has been filed by Edward J. Shaffer against the State Grand Jury, of Botkins, asking that it be dissolved and a receiver appointed. Shaffer was formerly a member of the firm and claims to hold security amounting to \$3,000 against it.

## Everybody to His Taste.

Different tastes demand different breeds; one fancier will favor the pet, another the sporting strain. In selecting a dog, the buyer should insist on one with a pedigree. This guarantee that his breeding has been right; that his ancestors were bred right; that he has not been inbred, and that you have a dog with a good future. They may cost more, but you have a dog that you can place in competition at any authorized kennel show and help build up better dogs in your community.

## Supply of Fat a Necessity.

Fats, which form about 15 per cent of the weight of the body, are found in meats, vegetable products, butter and other dairy foods. It is largely through an excess of fat that protein is stored in the body, to be drawn upon when needed.

## Uses It Himself.

"De man dat has sense enough to give good advice," said Uncle Eben, "is mostly too busy thinking for his own needs to pass out free instructions."

## NEW NOTE TO BRITAIN

U. S. AGAIN ASKS RELEASE OF TEUTONS TAKEN FROM AMERICAN SHIP.

## 38 SEIZED BY WARSHIP

British Assert Prisoners Engaged in Intrigues and Plots Against England—Planned to Continue Efforts and Violate U. S. Neutrality.

Washington, April 29.—Secretary Lansing announced on Thursday that the United States had sent another note to Great Britain demanding the release of the 38 Austrians, Germans and Turks taken from the American steamship China by a British cruiser off Shanghai. The note was dispatched and will be given out for publication later.

Great Britain contends the men were engaged in intrigues and plots against the British government and, having been discovered, were being to Manila, where they intended to continue their efforts which would have embarrassed the neutrality of the United States.

London, April 29.—The British note replying to the protest of the American government against interference with the neutral trade, which asserts the right of Great Britain to regulate the admission to a neutral country of goods evidently destined for the enemy, caused little surprise in diplomatic and legal circles here, as its conclusions had been discounted by recent decisions of the prize tribunals. A summary of the views of the members of these circles may be expressed as follows:

They do not believe the controversy will be carried much further during the progress of the war as no vital concessions have been made by either side since the first note was written. Therefore, the shippers of detained cargoes who can afford the delay will wait the conclusion of the war to have their cases settled by an international tribunal in the belief that such a court will grant them full damages.

## BRITISH DIVER SUNK IN FIGHT

Two Members of Crew of E-22 Rescued by Teutons, Says Statement Issued at Berlin.

Berlin, April 29.—The admiralty announced on Thursday that in a naval engagement between German and British forces on Tuesday a British submarine, the E-22, was sunk and a British cruiser was hit by a torpedo. The admiralty's statement followed the sinking of the British submarine E-22. The Germans rescued and made prisoners two men.

"A German submarine on the same day hit with a torpedo a British cruiser of the Arethusa class, displacing 3,600 tons. There are eight vessels of that class, the Arethusa, Aurora, Galatea, Inconstant, Royalist, Penelope, Phaeton, and the Undaunted."

## DRAFT BILL IS REJECTED

Measure Providing Conspicuous for All Single Men Withdrawn in House of Commons.

London, April 29.—A bill providing conscription for all unmarried men between the ages of eighteen and forty-five without any exemptions, was withdrawn in the house of commons on Thursday after the universal service advocates had opened a vigorous attack against it. After a debate British Asquith announced that the government would still press the bill, which had been introduced by Walter Hume Long, president of the local government board. The discussion that followed the introduction of the bill showed that the measure was opposed by all parties as unfair, and that members urging that nothing but all-round conscription would prove satisfactory.

## DEMANDS AN INVESTIGATION

Senator Hustling of Wisconsin Aids Congressional Inquiry into Flood of Telegrams.

Washington, April 29.—In a stirring speech on the floor of the senate on Thursday, Senator Hustling of Wisconsin demanded a congressional investigation into the flood of telegrams pouring into congress on the German-American situation. He charged that the telegrams were all inspired by a central source.

Senator Hustling characterized the sending of the telegrams as a "deep laid plot to poison the minds of the people with the belief that the president wants war."

## German Taken Off Ship.

New York, April 29.—A German said to be named Aufferwasser was taken from the steamer Colon here and taken by federal authorities. He is suspected of having taken part in the Panama canal negotiations.

## 24,000 Mine Strikers Back.

New York, April 29.—The 24,000 coal miners on strike in Pennsylvania went back to work under an agreement reached here between John P. White for the coal miners and W. K. Field for the operators.

## Man Killed in Collision.

New Albany, Miss., April 28.—One man was killed and many passengers suffered slight injuries when a north-bound Frisco train collided head-on with a south-bound freight train here. The dead man is a negro.

## Flag Day Association Meet.

Chicago, April 28.—The twelfth annual convention of the American flag day association was held here. Many members were in attendance in response. Letters from the governors of 30 states were read.

## White Sox Player Injured.

Detroit, Mich., April 26.—Ray Schalk, star catcher of the White Sox, was injured in the fourth inning here. He was hit after a wild throw by Eddie Collins, Schalk fell heavily to the ground, injuring his hip.

## Japanese Force in France.

New York, April 26.—Fred Cozzens, an importer of this city, asserted on his arrival here that he had witnessed the entraining at Marseilles two weeks ago of a force of Japanese soldiers, 200 strong.

## INTRENCHED?



## ARREST IRISH TRAITOR

SEPARATIST LEADER CAPTURED, ON GERMAN STEAMER.

Attempted to Land Arms in Vessel Under Gule of Neutral Ship—Vessel Sunk.

London, April 26.—Sir Roger Casement, the Irish separatist leader, has been captured on a German ship which attempted to land arms in Ireland and was sunk. It was officially announced.

The official announcement says: "During the period between the afternoon of April 20 and the afternoon of April 21 an attempt to land arms and ammunition in Ireland was made by a vessel under the guise of a neutral merchant ship, but which in reality was a German auxiliary. The vessel was captured by British forces. The auxiliary sank and a number of prisoners were made, among whom was Sir Roger Casement."

Sir Roger, a knight and formerly a British pensioner, has been a source of concern to the British government since a few months after the declaration of war, when it became known that he had gone to Berlin and was working in the German cause.

It was then reported that he had opened negotiations between the German government and the anti-English party in Ireland. It was said he had obtained assurances that if a German army invaded Ireland all native institutions would be respected. Early in 1915 his pension of £400, granted to him by the government as a retired consular official, was canceled on charges that he was disloyal. Shortly afterward he was expelled from an open letter to Sir Edward Grey, British foreign minister, charging the British government with offering his servant a bribe of £5,000 for his capture or death.

He was also understood to have proposed an alliance between Germany, Ireland and the United States, but this was never confirmed.

## SCOTT TO MEET OBREGON

American and Mexican General Will Confer on Border This Week.

Washington, April 28.—Further developments in the pursuit of Villa and the relations between the United States and the de facto government of Mexico now await personal discussion of these subjects by the senior military advisors of the two governments.

## GERMAN WARSHIPS IN RAID

Teutons Flee When Pursued by British After Making Attack on East Coast of England.

London, April 27.—Two British light cruisers and a destroyer were hit in a 20-minute engagement with a German cruiser squadron at daybreak Tuesday, following a raid by the Germans on Lowestoft. The German vessels escaped. Four persons were killed.

I. N. Morris Sails for U. S. Stockholm, April 27.—As an act of protest against the German seizure of the American ship, the American minister to Sweden, called for the United States on two months leave of absence. Alexander R. Magruder is the acting minister here.

## 1 Dead, 38 Hurt in Crash.

Cincinnati, April 29.—A crowded street car became unmanageable, ran wild on a down grade for six blocks, jumped the track, crashed into a telephone pole, and caused the death of one woman and injury to 38 others.

German Powder Plant Blown Up. Athens, April 27.—A large German powder factory at Dedegatch has been blown up, says a dispatch. The explosion killed a large number of persons, among them a grandson of Premier Radolsavoff of Bulgaria.

## French Prisoners Isolated.

Berlin, April 27.—As an act of reprisal for ill-treatment of German war prisoners in northern Africa, who are cut off from all communication, the German government has suspended all intercourse with French prisoners.

## Nine Die in Raid on Trieste.

Berlin, April 26.—Several Italian aeroplanes dropped 25 bombs on Trieste, killing nine civilians, of whom five were children, and wounding five others, says a statement issued at Vienna.

## Bandit Robs Bank of \$5,000.

Bingham Canyon, Utah, April 26.—A bandit armed and masked walked into the Copper State bank here, and after blinding and gagging J. W. Keeler, the cashier, and locking him in a vault, escaped with \$5,000.

## U. S. MEN WIN FIGHT

SIX VILLISTAS KILLED AND MANY WOUNDED IN CLASH WITH COLUMN UNDER COL. DODD.

## TWO AMERICANS LOSE LIVES

Engagement Near Tomachio Lasted Several Hours—Colonel Erwin's Force Encountered Outlaws and Wounded Four, Says Report.



## IRISH REVOLT QUELLED

TWELVE PERSONS ARE KILLED IN DUBLIN FIGHTING.

German Sea Raid Connected With Outbreak—Several Leaders Arrested, but Names Withheld.

London, April 27.—The official communication issued here on Tuesday concerning the situation in Dublin says: "At noon yesterday serious disturbances broke out in Dublin. A large party of men identified with the Sinn Fein party, mostly armed, occupied Stephen's Green and took possession of the post office, where they cut the telegraph and telephone wires. Houses also were occupied in Stephen's Green, Sackville street, Abbey street and along the quays."

In the course of the day soldiers arrived from the Curragh and the situation is now well in hand. So far as is known here three military officers, four or five soldiers, two loyal volunteers and two policemen have been killed and four or five military officers and six volunteers wounded. No exact information has been received of the casualties on the side of the Sinn Feiners.

"Reports received from Cork, Limerick, Ennis, Tralee and Tipperary show that no disturbances of any kind have occurred in these localities." Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, announced in the house of commons the disturbances in Dublin. He added that troops had been sent to Irish capitals and that the situation was now well in hand.

Rioting broke out afresh after soldiers arriving from Curragh put down the first rebellion, he said, but these also had been quelled. He said at first he understood the soldiers had captured the Dublin post office, which was taken by the rebels in the first outbreak, but the interruption of telegraphic communication prevented his giving details.

He gave assurance that the situation was well in hand. Several arrests had been made in Dublin, but he could not give the names, he said.

The raid by German warships, the first since the bombardment of Scarborough and Hartlepool on December 16, 1914, was at once connected in the public mind with the outbreak in Dublin. Sir Roger Casement's attempted landing on the Irish coast and the midnight Zeppelin raid.

## IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

New York, April 27.—Mrs. Ida Shifren Rogers is free. The jury refused to believe that she, a notoriously loving mother, could have been in her right mind when she poisoned her two children. "Not guilty on the grounds of insanity" was the verdict announced in the Bronx supreme court.

## NAME TAGGART FOR SENATOR

Nominated for the Short Term by the Democratic State Convention at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 28.—United States Senator Thomas Taggart was nominated on Wednesday for United States senator for the short term by the Democratic state convention.

## 106 BRITISH KILLED BY BLAST

Sixty-Six Others Injured in Explosion of Kent County Munitions Factory.

London, April 28.—Official announcement was made here on Wednesday that 106 persons were killed and 66 injured in the recent explosion in a Kent county munitions factory. No women were among the victims.

## No Troops for Anchorage.

Washington, April 28.—Secretary of the Interior Lane announced that he has requested that no troops be sent to Anchorage, Alaska, where laborers employed on the government railroad are on strike.

## Shoot Four Villa Men.

Columbus, N. M., April 28.—Four Mexican prisoners at Casas Grandes are reported to have been killed by American sentries on attempting to escape. Scores of bandits captured are said to be held at various points.

## Lawyers Fight; One Dead.

Nashville, Tenn., April 28.—Harry S. Stokes, a prominent Nashville attorney, was shot and killed here by Charles Traube, a legal opponent. Both men were well known throughout the state.

## Austria Prepares Hard Blow.

Rome, April 28.—The Austrians are preparing a great offensive against the Italian line under the supervision of Archduke Charles Francis, who is now inspecting the troops on the Isontro and in the Trentino.

## Is Made Party Secretary.

Butte, Mont., April 28.—Selection of Bruce Kremer, Democratic national committee chairman from Montana, as secretary of the Democratic national committee, has been made, according to private advices here.

## William Henry McDoel Dead.

Chicago, April 27.—William Henry McDoel, one of the best known railroad men in the middle West, died here. Mr. McDoel was president of the Monon railroad for nearly a quarter of a century.

## STATE OFFICIALS PREPARE FIGURES

REGARDING "TIME COST" OF ACCIDENTS IN THE STATE OF OHIO DURING YEAR.

## ALMOST 500 FATAL ACCIDENTS

Average Time Lost From Temporary Disability From 71,400 Accidents is Fourteen Days, Says Report.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Columbus, O.—Some interesting speculative figures have been developed by the statistical department of the State Industrial Commission with reference to the "time cost" of accidents in Ohio industrial and mercantile establishments and in public employment during the year that ended June 30, 1915. It is stated that it is impossible to make any accurate accounting of the "time cost" of accidents that caused only temporary disability. Using the Carlisle mortality tables as a base it is shown that the life expectancies cut off prematurely reach the stupendous aggregate of 13,855 years. There were 482 fatal accidents. The calculation of the loss of years that is comprehended in the fatal industrial accidents each year makes, the statisticians think, the most impressive argument in favor of prevention.

The 1,646 accidents causing permanent partial disability received awards under the Ohio workmen's compensation act for a total of 492,066 days, or 1,344 years. The actual time lost from the 32,732 accidents which caused temporary disability for more than seven days was \$22,984 days, or 232 years. The actual time lost from the 38,968 accidents which caused temporary disability for seven days or less was \$7,824 days, or 213 years. The average time lost for the 71,400 accidents which caused temporary disability was 14 days; the average time lost for the 32,732 accidents which caused temporary disability for more than seven days was 3.2 days, and the average time lost for the 38,968 accidents which caused temporary disability for seven days or less was 2.1 days.

## Accidents Are Costly.

The state industrial commission, during its eighteen months' operation, June 30, 1915, made 100,003 awards, aggregating \$4,434,668, according to figures announced by F. C. Croxton, chief of the division of investigation and statistics. Of this sum, 214 per cent was for death benefits, 24.3 per cent for permanent partial disability, 39.4 for temporary disability causing loss of seven or less days, and 7 per cent for permanent total disability.

There were 616 awards for fatal accidents. The average death benefit was \$7,286.64. For persons fatally injured, the average amount allowed for medical and hospital expenses was \$467, and the average for funeral expenses, \$137.12. In 429 cases of death, one or more persons were left wholly dependent; in 89 cases persons were left partially dependent, and in 81 cases there were no dependents. The average compensation to persons with permanent partial disability was \$399.92, with \$47 for medical and hospital expenses. The average award to persons temporarily disabled for more than seven days was \$25.80, with \$14.50 for medical expenses.

## Court Test of Law.

A test is to be begun soon in the courts to settle the question as to whether the law that gives state authority to inspect and test feed stuffs and a license fee for service is constitutional. The matter will be submitted to the Franklin county common pleas court and may be carried to higher courts for final adjudication. The initial pleadings were filed some time ago and testimony has been taken before a master commissioner and will be presented to the court for a finding on the law and the facts. The suit was brought by millers and dealers in feed stuffs. At the time the present law went into effect the old law was being tested and the enactment of the new measure ended the litigation. A question in the former case, which is not in the present one, was whether the license would produce revenue and be in the nature of a tax.

## Industrial Convention.

Industrial commissioners and labor men from all sections of the United States arrived here for the first annual convention of the International Association of Industrial Boards and Commissions. The convention will continue through Friday.

## Action On New Safety Codes.

A school survey given by the Advisory Committee of the Industrial Commission met here to devise ways for completing and putting in force the new safety codes for the workshops and factories of the state. A delegation will call on members of the State Emergency Board and ask for funds to have the codes printed for distribution, so they can be put into effect. Thus far two of them are held up because the Printing Commission will not authorize the expenditure of funds for printing.

## New Organizer Chosen.

J. Howard Dice, assistant in the state library, was appointed state library organizer by the state board of library commissioners. He is a graduate of the University of Pittsburgh and the New York Library School, of Albany. The board appointed Miss Edith Hyde, of Lancaster, to the position of librarian of the legislative reference bureau. She is a graduate of Ohio State University and the Illinois Library School, and at present is assistant in the University of Iowa.

## Origin of Powdery Scab.

Powdery scab has been traced to the Andean region of Peru, and is believed to be endemic in the native home of the potato. That it is a parasite of long standing is indicated by its manner of developing in the potato cells, which remain alive for some time after infection.

## Grow Plants as Side Line.

Many market gardeners are growing geraniums and other bedding plants as a side line.

## Discuss Lifting Receivership.

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